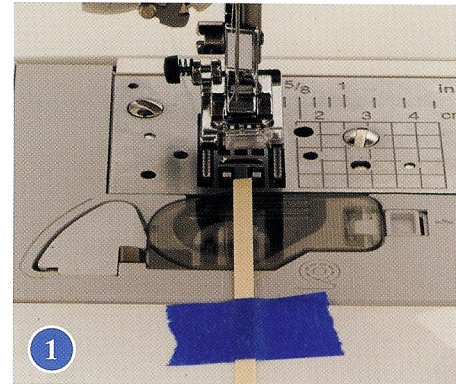


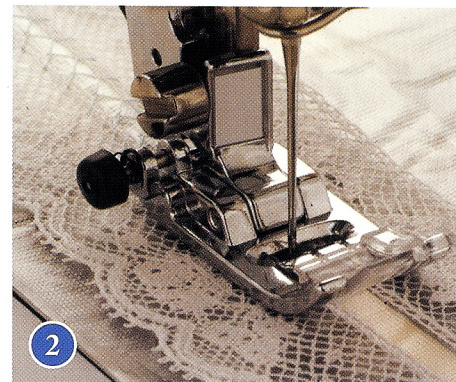
fagoting or bridging — lace to lace

Connect laces to each other using the fagoting or bridging technique rather than attaching with entredeux.

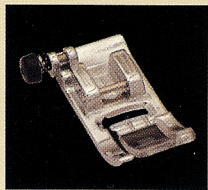
1. To assist in the guiding of two delicate fabrics or pieces of lace, tape an 1/8"-wide piece of cardboard in front of the presser foot. You will guide each edge against the cardboard to maintain the space between while stitching. Prepare the laces with spray starch. (#1)



2. First, place a piece of water-soluble stabilizer on top of the feed dogs. Place the header edge of each piece of lace on each side of the cardboard. Select a feather or a forward-motion heirloom stitch. Begin stitching, carefully guiding the laces along the edge of the cardboard. (#2)



3. After the sewing is completed, following the manufacturer's instructions, wet the laces and carefully remove the stabilizer. Press the laces without stretching. (#3)



Standard Foot

Stitch: Feather Stitch

Width: 6.0mm

Length: 2.5mm

Tension: 4.6

Fabric, needles, notions required:

Insertion or edging lace; universal or embroidery needle, size 70/10 or 75/11; rayon or fine cotton embroidery thread for needle and bobbin; pearl cotton or appropriate weight cord; water-soluble stabilizer; spray starch

TIP

Temporary spray adhesive is a great product to use to hold the lace to the slippery water-soluble stabilizer. Spray the stabilizer and position the lace on top. Use this procedure only on one side as you may need to adjust the position of the lace for stitching on the other.